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Remarks

Reconsideration of the above-captioned application is respectfully requested. The fact that Applicant has focussed its comments distinguishing the present claims from the applied references and countering certain rejections must not be construed as acquiescence in other portions of rejections not specifically addressed.

Obviousness Rejections

- Independent Claims 1 and 31 and dependent Claims 2, 7, 8, 32-34, and 39 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Olson, USPP 2005/0117587 in view of Chang, USPP 2002/0183003 and further in view of Nesic, USPN 6,593,895.
- Dependent Claims 4 and 35 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable b. over Olson, Chang, Nesic, and Rao, USPN 5,881,074.
- Dependent Claim 5 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Olson, C. Chang, Nesic, and Edenson, USPN 7,006,995.
- d. Independent Claim 24 and dependent Claims 6, 29, 30, and 37 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Olson, Chang, Nesic, and Tehranchi, USPN 7,242,772.
- Independent Claim 9 and dependent Claims 10-12 and 16 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. \$103 as being unpatentable over Olson, Chang, Nesic, and Rao.
- f. Dependent Claim 14 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Olson, Chang, Nesic, Rao, and Edenson.

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g. Dependent Claim 15 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over

Olson, Chang, Nesic, Rao, and Tehranchi.

h. Independent Claim 17 and dependent Claims 18, 22, and 23 have been rejected under 35

U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Olson, Nesic, and Edenson.

Dependent Claim 19 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over

Olson, Nesic, Edenson, and Rao.

j. Dependent Claim 26 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over

Olson, Chang, Nesic, Tehranchi, and Rao.

Bases for Allowability

Claim 1

Of relevance to amended independent Claim 1, which now recites that the source and displayer are

not disposed together in a common package as clearly shown in Figure 1, is that the relied-upon wireless

transmission 14 of Chang clearly is unsuitable for and not at all intended to be applied to an in-room

projection system, and Claim 1 has been amended to explicitly nail down one difference (among many)

between the system of Claim 1 and Chang.

With more specificity, "the invention" of Chang uses near field couplers on both sides of a wireless

medium that is only "several centimeters" or less and that is in an "enclosed package", Chang, paragraph 25;

see also paragraph 27 (the MTL or CPW that can embody the wireless transmission medium 14 are either

integral to the IC that holds the couplers that straddle the medium or in the same package with the couplers).

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According to Chang, not only does this avoid having to comply with the FCC (paragraph 25) but it also

reduces the needed size of the antennas to below a square millimeter (paragraphs 24 and 25).

With this in mind, Chang clearly teaches away from any system that would employ a transmitter and

receiver in separate packages from each other, i.e., Chang teaches away from off-package use of a wireless

medium because such use would defeat the purpose of Chang in shrinking antenna size and avoiding FCC

compliance. Accordingly, Claim 1 is patentable.

Claim 9

Claim 9 now recites that the multimedia transmitter and receiver are on different surfaces from each

other and for reasons above, modifying Olson with Chang as proposed to meet this new limitation is taught

away from by Chang.

Claim 17

Of relevance to amended independent Claim 17 is that no reference appears to teach multiplexing

capability signals into the stream. Thus, the rejections based on allegations that Edenson multiplexes

encryption keys into the stream are moot.

Claim 24

Of relevance to amended independent Claim 24 is that no reference appears to teach player control

signals or capability signals being exchanged between the multimedia player and transmitter on a secondary

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moot.

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link. Thus, the rejections based on allegations that Tehranchi sends encryption keys on a secondary link are

Claim 31

The allegation that Olson's remote control establishes a source antenna beam control is incorrect. Relied-upon paragraph 46 teaches only that a remote control can be used for control in general, and not for any specific type of control, much less the specific types of control set forth in Claim 31.

The Examiner is cordially invited to telephone the undersigned at (619) 338-8075 for any reason which would advance the instant application to allowance.

Respectfully submitted,

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